



MEMORANDUM

Town of Nags Head

Planning & Development Department

To: Planning Board

From: Michael Zehner, Director of Planning & Development
Kelly Wyatt, Deputy Director of Planning & Development

Date: February 14, 2020

Subject: Discussion of Legacy Establishments/Structures

OVERVIEW

As noted in my Director's Report memo to the Board of Commissioners and Planning Board, dated January 30, 2019, given recent expressed interest in the future of the Blue Heron Motel at 6811 S. Virginia Dare Trail and the limitations imposed by Town Code requirements on the evolution of the current hotel use of the property, Staff intends to begin considering Code amendments that advance Comprehensive Plan policies valuing the preservation of legacy business, establishments, and structures. Staff anticipates that discussion at the Planning Board's February 18, 2020 meeting will be an initial discussion of options.

POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

- One of the Town's principal goals, as established in the Comprehensive Plan, is to "Plan for orderly and sustainable growth and redevelopment," and an identified objective to attain this goal is the "Preservation and maintenance of legacy commercial businesses.
- As used in the Comprehensive Plan, at least within the context of *Character Areas*, legacy establishments, structures, or locations are those which "contribute to the overall sense of place or tell the story of Nags Head's past. These establishments, structures, or locations often remind you of the past and are nostalgic."
- Legacy establishments are particularly noted as adding to the character of the Whalebone Junction Character Area, and specifically the Whalebone Junction Core, where it is noted that "flexibility should be given to legacy type establishments for renovations as a way to retain the character of area while allowing the establishment to remain viable in the market."
- Legacy businesses are also referenced with respect to the Corridors Character Area, and specifically for the NC 12 and SR 1243 corridors, where it is noted that one of the future desires is to "provide flexibility for existing legacy businesses to renovate to help keep the character of Beach Road."

- The Land Use Element of the Comprehensive Plan, and the discussion of Incentives/Design Flexibility with respect to Site Development Characteristics, provides an overview of the issue and general solution, as follows:

The town has taken recent steps to preserve older legacy businesses and encourage the retention of these structures. There has been a regulatory shift with regards to nonconforming properties (properties which met zoning regulations at the time they were developed but are not consistent with regularity changes that have occurred). Essentially, non-conformity regulations have been modified to allow continued improvements to these older properties. The regulations are primarily designed to restrict additional development of unwanted land uses. The town's position is to allow continued use and improvement to nonconforming properties.

- The section on Legacy Businesses under Local Business Development, as contained within the Economic Development and Tourism Element of the Comprehensive Plan, is attached. Specific policies and actions are as follows:

EC-7 Recognize the role and importance of the look and feel of legacy development in creating the distinctive heritage, unique lifestyle, and family beach character that is central to the town's vision.

EC-7a: Develop more specific criteria for legacy businesses, based on research and data of existing legacy type buildings.

EC-7b: Inventory, research, and map businesses that fit within the legacy business criteria.

EC-7c: Develop incentives to encourage the preservation of commercial floor space.

EC-7d: Explore ways to aid in the development of cottage courts.

ISSUE AND OPTIONS

Generally, as referenced above, many legacy establishments and structures have been rendered nonconforming, either with respect to the use no longer being allowed in the zoning district in which the property is located or because of standards or requirements changing, or due to both circumstances. Nonconforming status is, by its nature, limiting; Staff would recommend that the Board review Article 5, *Nonconformities*, of the UDO https://www.nagsheadnc.gov/DocumentCenter/View/2771/Article-5_Nonconformities, and specifically Sections 5.3, *Nonconforming Structure with Conforming Use*, 5.4, *Nonconforming Site and Parking Areas*, 5.5, *Nonconforming Use of Land*, and 5.6, *Nonconforming Use of Structure*. It is helpful to consider that the general principle with respect to nonconformities is that, over time, the nonconforming uses or conditions cease, evolving to conforming uses or conditions. This effect would therefore seem to be inconsistent with the intent of the goals, objectives, policies, and actions contained in the Comprehensive Plan which support the retention of legacy establishments and structures and warrants consideration.

The conditions discussed above were the basis for the adoption of provisions in 2015 contained in Section 7.2.14 (attached) pertaining to nonconforming cottage courts. A similar approach could be taken with respect to legacy businesses and structures. Alternatively, an overlay zoning district approach could be taken, perhaps applied in a limited geographic manner and/or to properties meeting defined characteristics. Staff can expand on the pros and cons associated with these approaches at the Board's meeting.

Regardless of the approach, Staff does agree with the recommended actions of the Comprehensive Plan that it will be necessary to define and develop specific criteria as to what constitutes a legacy business or structure, and to then inventory and map properties that meet those definitions and criteria; however, Staff also believes that it is important to be proactive and take an iterative approach, developing a framework wherein applicable properties and uses can be added over time, as warranted.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

At least for this initial discussion, Staff would suggest that it would be helpful for the Board to discuss perspectives with regard to what does and does not constitute a legacy business or structure, what are the defining characteristics, and what businesses or structures typify the term.

Attachments:

1. B. Legacy Businesses, of 3.4, *Economic Development and Tourism*, and 3.4.3, *Local Business Development*, of the Comprehensive Plan; and
2. Section 7.2.14, *Nonconforming Cottage Courts*



B. Legacy Businesses

Nags Head's vision statement places a great emphasis on the town's legacy. The vision emphasizes preserving and protecting the Nags Head character, tourism based economy, and sense of place; "We uphold our legacy by protecting and promoting our small town character that includes a sustainable local economy based on family vacation tourism, a high quality beach experience, and small, locally owned businesses."

During the community engagement portion of the plan, the Advisory Committee recognized that many of the small businesses contribute to the sense of place, quality of life, and high quality visitor experience within the town. The committee referenced these establishments as legacy businesses and described them as nostalgic or a reminder of the past. They conveyed the idea that life here was different, and helped to tell the story of Nags Head's past.

The Advisory Committee further identified that legacy businesses typically have the following characteristics:

- The architecture is varied but the overall size and scale of the building is small and blends within the surrounding neighborhood.
- The building is low scale often with only one or 1 ½ stories.
- Multiple small buildings may be located on the same property with a mix of residential and business uses. However, the Structures appear residential.
- The buildings are set in close proximity to the road.
- Parking is directly adjacent to the building or wraps the building.
- Restaurants often have walk up windows with outdoor seating.
- The area is highly walkable and businesses often have amenities such as outdoor seating and bike racks that cater to pedestrians and cyclists.
- Structures with legacy characteristics were typically constructed prior to 1980.
- Dining and retail establishments with legacy characteristics in Nags Head range on average between 3,000-5,000 square feet in size.

Further analysis and study should be completed to further define and preserve legacy businesses in the town. Additionally, this information can be used to encourage future development to construct similar to legacy type structures.

Since 2002, the town has seen a number of small, local businesses close, many along NC 12. These are being converted into residential development. The 2010 Land Use Plan recognizes this same concern but also points to businesses relocating to US 158 or going out of business due to large chain or "big box" stores. This is concerning since the Visitor's



Survey 2014-2015 indicates that 52.3% of respondents rank dining at restaurants unique to the area at 4th (out of 32) in the activities they participated in during their stay.

The town has made great strides and forward progress in the last two years working with local business owners to identify opportunities and constraints to their success and how the town can be a part of that. However, there are still policy questions related to retaining and maintaining legacy businesses in the long term that should be vetted. Preservation and upkeep of these legacy establishments is crucial in preserving the small town character that is central to the town's vision.

POLICIES & ACTIONS

- EC-5 Direct new commercial growth into neighborhood commercial nodes, activity centers, or areas currently zoned for commercial development with emphasis on reuse of existing structures.
- EC-6 Support and foster small, local businesses that preserve and uphold the vision and legacy of the town.
 - EC-6a: Continue to work with the Local Business Committee to further identify and remedy regulatory barriers for opening and operating businesses.
 - EC-6b: Develop and map an inventory of local businesses representing each sector of the town's economy.
 - EC-6c: Develop regulatory flexibility that allows existing small, local businesses to upgrade and maintain their facilities in order to remain relevant and competitive in the market.
 - EC-6d: Evaluate the impact of town processes, related to zoning and permitting, on businesses and streamline to meet the town's needs while supporting business investment.
 - EC-6e: Expand the availability of town services available on-line to better meet the needs of the businesses community.
 - EC-6f: Provide technical assistance through workshops, educational materials, or web based media to educate business owners on town processes and regulations related to owning and maintaining a business.
 - EC-6g: Develop a branded wayfinding, safety, and information signage plan to identify types and locations of signage for pedestrians, cyclists, and vehicles. Install appropriate signage. Signage should enable visitors to locate existing town parks, sound and beach access points and trailheads.



POLICIES & ACTIONS

- EC-7 Recognize the role and importance of the look and feel of legacy development in creating the distinctive heritage, unique lifestyle, and family beach character that is central to the town's vision.
 - EC-7a: Develop more specific criteria for legacy businesses, based on research and data of existing legacy type buildings.
 - EC-7b: Inventory, research, and map businesses that fit within the legacy business criteria.
 - EC-7c: Develop incentives to encourage the preservation of commercial floor space.
 - EC-7d: Explore ways to aid in the development of cottage courts.
- EC-8 Enhance economic health and increase employment opportunities through business retention and expansion.
 - EC-8a: Partner with the Outer Banks Chamber of Commerce to research and conduct discussions with local, small business owners in order to better understand factors contributing to the sale or loss of businesses.
 - EC-8b: Coordinate with the Outer Banks Chamber of Commerce to offer education and training for local, small business owners on succession planning.

7.2.9. Off-Street Parking and Loading Facilities.

Individual units shall have a minimum of two (2) parking spaces. Parking spaces for each dwelling unit shall be provided so as not to interfere with the shared accessway or with the access of emergency or service vehicles to the entire property. Shared parking areas may be utilized to accommodate the total parking requirements for the development. Parking spaces and drive aisles shall not be located closer than five (5) feet to side or rear property lines. Parking spaces shall not be located with direct access from the right-of-way.

7.2.10. Refuse and Recycling.

Cottage courts shall provide a suitable location for a dumpster as determined by the UDO Administrator. Dumpster areas shall be appropriately screened and shall not be located in the required front yard of the property.

7.2.11. Pools.

Cottage courts may have one community pool serving all of the units on the property. Individual units may not have pools.

7.2.12. Utility Meters.

Utility meters of any type for individual units are prohibited.

7.2.13. Management.

Cottage courts shall operate under a single, unified management operation which arranges for reservations and attends to guest needs. There shall be a uniform key entry system operated by management staff.

7.2.14. Nonconforming Cottage Courts.

Cottage courts which do not conform to the definition of "cottage court", contained in Appendix A Definitions, and also to the provisions of this section may continue, subject to the following provisions:

7.2.14.1. Existing individual dwelling units in a nonconforming cottage court may be replaced provided that replacement structures conform to the provisions of this section or do not increase the degree of structure or site nonconformity.

7.2.14.2. All replacement, substantially improved, and substantially damaged cottage court units shall conform with the provisions of Article 11, Part III, Flood Damage Prevention.

7.2.14.3. For the purpose of this section, structures will be considered individually when determining thresholds for repair, maintenance and destruction.

7.2.14.4. No existing individual dwelling unit in a nonconforming cottage court shall be enlarged, extended, moved or structurally altered, except as provided below:

7.2.14.4.1. For lots abutting the Atlantic Ocean or Roanoke Sound, individual dwelling units in a cottage court may be moved in cases where such structures are determined to be in imminent danger of collapse, as defined by CAMA, as a result of erosion by wind or water, provided that such movement does not increase the degree of nonconformity of

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the structures in any way. When utilizing this provision, a minimum ten-foot separation shall be maintained between individual structures. All structures when moved shall adhere to the minimum setback requirements prescribed in this section.

7.2.14.4.2. Minor modifications to a nonconforming cottage court dwelling unit or cottage court site may be approved administratively by the UDO Administrator or his/her designee. Minor modifications may include the addition of detached storage sheds, not to exceed 150 square feet in area, on-grade patios, decks, porches, driveway or parking modifications, or other additions not involving an increase or expansion of the habitable area of existing cottage court dwelling units.

7.2.14.4.3. Major modifications to a nonconforming cottage court dwelling unit or cottage court site, may be approved by the Nags Head Board of Commissioners through the conditional use process as set forth in Section 3.8, Conditional Use Permits. Major modifications include any proposal which will result in a net increase in habitable area of nonconforming cottage court units.

7.2.14.4.4. All improvements must meet the dimensional requirements of the district in which they are located. When a lot coverage nonconformity exists on a cottage court site, improvements may be allowed as long as there is no net increase in overall lot coverage. All other nonconformities shall be regulated in accordance with Article 5, Nonconformities.

7.2.14.5. On any individual dwelling unit in a nonconforming cottage court, work may be done on ordinary repairs, or on repair or replacement of nonloadbearing walls, fixtures, wiring or plumbing.

7.2.14.6. If an individual dwelling unit in a nonconforming cottage court becomes dangerous to life, destroyed or unlawful due to lack of repairs or maintenance, the building inspector shall condemn the structure in accordance with G.S. 160A-426, and the structure may thereafter be restored, repaired, rebuilt or replaced in conformity with the regulations of this UDO and any other applicable federal or state regulations.

7.2.14.7. Nothing in this UDO shall prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition of any individual dwelling unit in a nonconforming cottage court or part thereof declared to be dangerous to life by any official charged with protecting the public safety, or upon order of such official when he has determined that there is a clear and immediate danger to the public safety.